

# SINTEF Technical Approval

## TG 20018

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 Amended:  
 Valid until 01.07.2025  
 Provided listed on  
[www.sintefcertification.no](http://www.sintefcertification.no)

SINTEF confirms that

### StoPur EB 200

has been found to be fit for use in Norway and to meet the provisions regarding product documentation given in the regulation relating to the marketing of products for construction works (DOK) and regulations on technical requirements for building works (TEK), with the properties, fields of application and conditions for use as stated in this document



#### 1. Holder of the approval

Sto Norge AS  
 Waldemar Thranes gate 98A  
 NO-0175 Oslo, Norge  
[www.sto.no](http://www.sto.no)

#### 2. Product description

StoPur EB 200 is a polyurethane resin coating for exterior floors made from concrete or other cement bound materials.

StoPur EB 200 is a two component system. The components are mixed in the correct proportions shortly before usage. To improve adhesion to the substrate, use StoPox 452 EP or StoPox GH 300 primer. StoQuartz 0.1-0.5 mm can be used for sand sprinkling of the primer.

#### 3. Fields of application

StoPur EB 200 is type tested and approved for balconies, terraces and other exterior concrete floorings subjected to light mechanical wear. StoPur EB 200 cannot be used on interior floor surfaces.

#### 4. Properties

Product characteristics determined after type testing are given in table 1. See also SINTEF Building Research Design Sheet 573.212 *Fugefrie plastbelegg. Typer og egenskaper (eng.: Jointless resin floorings. Types and properties)*.

##### Durability

StoPur EB 200 has passed climatic exposure tests according to NT Build 495 - Accelerated climatic exposure (UV, heat, water and frost).

#### 5. Environmental aspects

##### *Substances hazardous to health and environment*

StoPur EB 200 contains no hazardous substances with priority in quantities that pose any increased risk for human health and environment. Chemicals with priority include CMR, PBT or vPvB substances.

Application of non-hardened StoPur EB 200 may cause the isocyanates to be released. When polyurethane/ polyisocyanurate is heated to 150-200 degrees, isocyanates can be released. Isocyanates may cause allergies and asthma. Products containing isocyanates must be treated with special care when used.

Table 1 Product characteristics for StoPur EB 200

Property	Method	Value
Film thickness, cured coating, when consumption equals 2,25 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	EN 1062-1	903 µm
Liquid water permeability	EN 1062-3	< 0,05 kg/(m <sup>2</sup> h0,5)
Crack bridging properties at - 20 °C	EN 1062-7 Method A	3,22 mm
Flow characteristics, initial	EN 12706	153 mm
Wear resistance - BCA	EN 13892-4	10 µm
Bond strength - concrete	EN 13892-8	2,5 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Bond strength - concrete after climatic exposure testing (349 days according to NT Build 495)	EN 13892-8	2,3 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Rapid deformation impact resistance	EN ISO 6272-1	20,1 Nm
Chemical resistance <sup>1)</sup>	EN 13529	Color changes
Exposure to accelerated climatic strain, 349 days	NT Build 495	Passed

<sup>1)</sup> Tested chemicals: tea, coffee, wine (red), ketchup and household ammonia

##### *Waste treatment/recycling*

Non dry StoPur EB 200 is defined as hazardous waste (according to the Norwegian Waste Regulation (Avfallsforskriften)). StoPur EB 200 must be sorted as hazardous waste on the building site, and be delivered to an authorized treatment plant for hazardous waste. The dried StoPur EB 200 are not hazardous waste.

Dry StoPur EB 200 shall be sorted as residual waste on the building/demolition site. The product shall be delivered to an authorized waste treatment plant for energy recovery

##### *Environmental declaration*

No environmental declaration (EPD) has been worked out for the StoPur EB 200.

#### 6. Special conditions for use and installation

The application procedures of the manufacturer must be followed when using the StoPur EB 200. See also SINTEF Building Research Design Guide 541.314 *Legging av fugefrie plastbelegg på golv (eng.: installing joint less resin floorings)*.

SINTEF is the Norwegian member of European Organisation for Technical Assessment, EOTA, and European Union of Agrément, UEAtc

The system is assembled as follows:

1. Substrate preparation
2. Adjustment of floor level/floor cove
3. Priming/spackling
4. Coating/top coating

#### Storage

Component A and B must be stored protected from direct sunlight in a dry area at temperatures between 0 and 35 °C. The shelf life of the components is one year.

#### Substrate

The substrate shall be prepared by grinding, trimming or shot blaster until clean concrete with visible aggregate and open pore structure appears. The preparation is very important to ensure good adhesion between the substrate and the coating, and to minimize the risk of osmotic blistering.

Sharp edges and transitions must be rounded to ensure that primer and coating can be applied in the thickness needed around the edge, see figure 1. Coating applied over a sharp edge is prone to damages.

After preparation of the substrate, the strength of the surface should be tested by measuring the bond strength by pull-off-test. The minimum allowed bond strength is 1.5 MPa.

#### Adjustment of floor level/floor cove

Adjust the floor level with a suitable screed before priming, e.g. StoCrete CS 650.

When necessary, use StoPox Mörtel Standfest epoxy mortar to establish a cove in the junction between floor and wall. Prime the substrate with StoPox 452 EP and apply the epoxy mortar wet in wet. A cove template is run over the wet mortar creating the cove profile, see figure 2.

Alternatively use a StoDivers HK 100/25 or 50/25 cove profile. Fasten the cove profile by using StoPox SK 41 epoxy adhesive and/or StoPox 452 EP and StoSeal F 505 joint sealing compound, see figure 3.

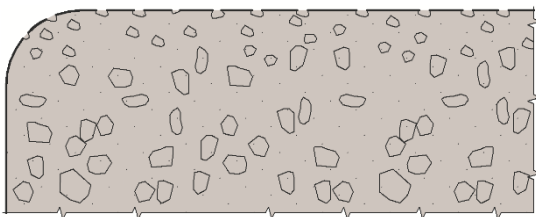


Fig. 1.  
Substrate with a rounded front edge and open pore structure

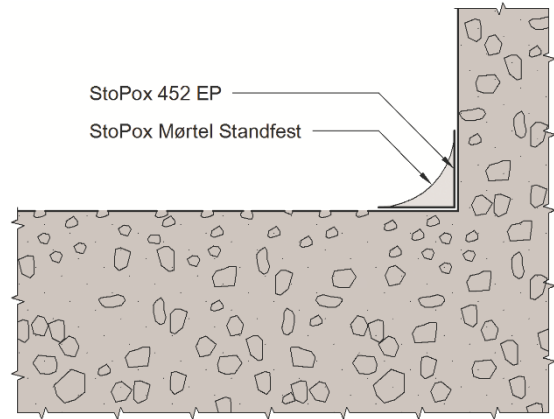


Fig. 2  
Floor cove

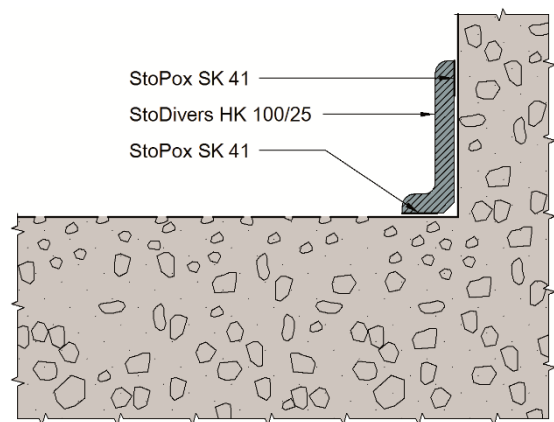


Fig. 3  
Fastening a cove profile. Alternatively, attach the profile with StoSeal P 505 and StoSeal F 505 sealing compound.

#### Priming/spackling

Apply StoPox 452 EP primer or StoPox GH 300 primer to the substrate. The primer is applied using a squeegee followed by rolling with a damp roller. If only a roller is used, there is a risk that the pores on the concrete surface will not be filled, and the result may be osmotic blisters. Apply the primer evenly to the substrate. Recommended consumption is 200-400 g/m<sup>2</sup>. Increase the amount of primer if the concrete surface is strongly absorbing. Avoid visible dry spots on the surface.

Apply the primer when the temperature is decreasing to avoid pinhole formation. Sprinkle with StoQuartz 0.1-0.5/0.3-0.8 mm sand while the primer is wet if the coating is to be applied more than 72 hours after application of the primer. The consumption of StoQuartz 0.1-0.5/0.3-0.8 mm is 1.5 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

When leveling is not needed, perform simple spackling using StoPox 452 EP mixed with a suitable amount of StoQuartz 0.1-0.5/0.3-0.8 mm. The spackle is laid into the wet primer such that a level surface is achieved.

Remove any loose StoQuartz from the surface before further treatment.

#### Mixing

The mixing ratio of StoPur EB 200 component A to component B is A:B=1:6. Consumption of component A is 2.0-2.2 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and the consumption of component B is 0.33-0.37 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

Component B shall be added to component A. Mix the components at a maximum speed of 300 rpm until the mixture is homogeneous (approx. 3 min.). Transfer the mixture to a clean container and mix through again.

#### Application

Insert expansion joints if the floor slab is long and narrow (e.g. fire balcony), in order to prevent the coating from cracking due to too large movements. The same holds for substrates with moving cracks, where the crack width is likely to exceed the crack bridging properties of the coating.

Apply the coating using a notched plastic spatula, and remove air bubbles with a spike roller. Measure the wet coating thickness as the work progresses. The wet thickness should be 2 mm.

Apply when the temperature is between 10 and 30 °C. Apply the coating when the temperature is decreasing to avoid pinholes formation.

Optionally, sprinkle StoChips 1 mm or StoChips 3 mm onto the still wet coating layer. The consumption of StoChips 1 mm or 3 mm is 50-350 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

To prevent the coating from sagging when it is applied to vertical surfaces, mix StoDivers ST into the StoPur EB 200 until the consistency of the mixture is such that sagging is prevented.

Clean the tools with StoDivers EV 100 solvent immediately upon finishing the work.

The coating pot life is shown in table 3, while the cure time is shown in table 4.

Table 3  
Pot life of StoPur EB 200

Temperature / °C	Pot life / min
10	55
20	35
30	15

Table 4  
Cure time for StoPur EB 200

At 20 °C og 65 % RH	Time
Dust-free	3 h
Light traffic	12 h
Cured through	7 days

#### Subsequent treatment

Polish with StoDivers P 105 immediately after curing is recommended for surfaces that have not been sprinkled with StoChips 1mm or 3 mm.

Apply a topcoat to seal surfaces with a high quantity of StoChips 1mm or 3 mm, or to achieve a surface with lower gloss. Use StoPur VR 100 transparent glossy polyurethane coating or StoPur DL 520 transparent low-gloss polyurethane coating.

For an anti-skid finish, add 30 weight % StoBallotini 180-300 µm glass beads to the top coating. Stir the mixture continuously during application to keep the beads from settling at the bottom. Apply the mixture thinly using a steel spatula and then roll with a structured roller. The consumption is 0.15-0.20 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

#### 7. Factory production control

StoPur EB 200 is produced by Sto AG, August-Fischbach-Str. 4, 78166 Donaueschingen, Germany

The holder of the approval is responsible for the factory production control in order to ensure that StoPur EB 200 is produced in accordance with the preconditions applying to this approval.

The manufacturing of StoPur EB 200 is subject to continuous surveillance of the factory production control in accordance with the contract regarding SINTEF Technical Approval.

The quality system of the manufacturer is certified by Deutsche Gesellschaft zu Zertifizierung von Managementsystemen GmbH (DQS) according to:

- DIN EN ISO 9001:2015, certificate no. 602417 QM08
- DIN EN ISO 14001:2015 certificate no. 003651 UM.

#### 8. Basis for the approval

The evaluation of StoPur EB 200 is based on reports owned by the holder of the approval.

#### 9. Marking

The StoPur EB 200 packaging must be marked with manufacturer, product name and production time.

The approval mark for SINTEF Technical Approval TG 20018 may also be used.

#### 10. Liability

The holder/manufacturer has sole product responsibility according to existing law. Claims resulting from the use of the product cannot be brought against SINTEF beyond the provisions of Norwegian Standard NS 8402.

for SINTEF

Hans Boye Skogstad  
Approval Manager